

High Resolution Data Monitoring: Challenges in Providing EE at NERSC

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November 12, 2018

**Energy Efficiency HPC Working Group I SC 2018
Challenges in Holistic Monitoring and Data Integration**



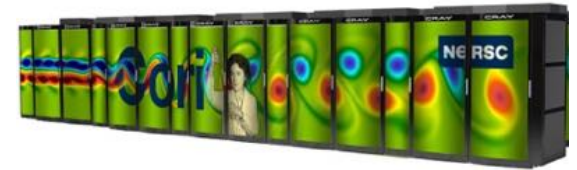
Shyh Wang Hall (B59) completed June 2015

NERSC

- **Four story 150,000 GSF**
 - Two 20ksf office floors, 300 offices
 - 20k -> 28ksf HPC floor
 - 12.5MW expandable to 20+MW
 - Current demand is ~7MW
- **Energy Efficient**
 - Year-round compressor free air and water cooling
 - LEED Gold
 - **PUE < 1.1**
- **Room Air & Cooling Water**
 - Compression free cooling
 - Most hours, single pass air
 - Humidity Control very challenging
 - Cooling Towers can provide 75°F or cooler water all hours of year



- **Cori entered production on July 1, 2017**
 - Compute intensive and data intensive workloads
 - 9688 KNL nodes; 2388 Haswell nodes
 - NVRAM Burst Buffer 1.5PB @ 1.5 TB/s
 - 30 PB Lustre, > 700GB/sec
 - SDN for enhanced external networking connectivity
 - Containerized software with Shifter
- **Recent Projects with Data Collect**
 - Function as a Service deployment (FaaS)
 - Real-time PUE calculation
 - B59 significant focus of LBNL campus EE Program
 - Multiple projects completed and in progress
 - Cray XC Series fan control monitoring
 - Hot Aisle Containment improvements



Data Collection System



- **Current Data Sources**

- Substations, panels, PDUs, UPS
- Cori & Edison SEDC
- One-wire Temp & RH sensors
- BMS through BACNET
- Indoor & Outdoor Particle counters
- Weather station

- **Future Data Sources**

- Syslog
- Job Data
- Lustre + GFPS statistics
- LDMS
- ???



- **Rabbit MQ, Elastic, Linux**

- Collects ~20K data items per second
- Over 40TB data online (100TB capacity)
- 45 days of SEDC (versus 3 hours on SMW)
- 180 days of BMS data (6X more than BMS)
- 260 days of power data



Kibana, Grafana



- **Challenge: General Cyber security vs User direct access to monitoring data streams**
 - UI tools (Grafana, Kibana) provide visual access only
- **Using Fn Project project to provide User “on demand” access to gathered data**
 - FaaS – Function as a Service
 - Provides REST-like API for users to link their applications to NERSC Elastic data

- **Realtime PUE**
 - Monthly average has been ~ 1.08 (May – Sept., 2018)
 - Calculating Level 1 and 2 PUE
 - Difference never > 0.01
 - Challenge: ~ 60 measurement points at differing measurement intervals
 - Testing several calculation methods
 - 15-minute interval calculation – Many fails since substation metering is at same interval rate
 - Last value 5-minute rolling window – Non-coincident data points, but produces smoother results
 - Moving average 5-minute window within 30-minute sample captures
 - Measurement averaging helps reduce effect of non-coincident data points in 5-minute rolling window alone

PUE Measurement and Reporting



- **50+ Monitoring Points**
 - High granularity for LBNL Campus “Mechanical Metrics” within SkySpark energy info system

PUE Calc. Point	Substation	PUE Level	Description	PUE Calc. Point	Substation	PUE Level	Description
A	Building	1 & 2	INCOMING MAIN #2	ND1-1	590	1	UPS-1
B	590	1 & 2	MVSG SUBSTATION 590	ND1-2	590	1	UPS-2
B'	590	1 & 2	DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER 590 OUTPUT	ND1-3	590	1	PDU 10
C	596	1 & 2	MVSG SUBSTATION 596	ND1-4	590	1	PDU 12
C'	596	1 & 2	DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER 596 OUTPUT	ND1-5	590	1	PDU 26, 28,
D	612	1 & 2	MVSG SUBSTATION 612	ND1-6	590	1	PDU 22, 24,
D'	612	1 & 2	DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER 612 OUTPUT				
E	613	1 & 2	MVSG SUBSTATION 613	ND2-1	590	2	UPS PDU
E'	613	1 & 2	DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER 613 OUTPUT	ND2-2	590	2	UPS PDU
F	628	1 & 2	MVSG SUBSTATION 628	ND2-3	590	2	UPS PDU
F'	628	1 & 2	DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER 628 OUTPUT	ND2-4	590	2	UPS PDU
N1	590	1 & 2	COMPUTE LIGHTING	ND2-5	590	2	UPS PDU
N2	590	1 & 2	GENERATOR HEATER, BATTERY CHARGER,	ND2-6	590	2	UPS PDU
N3	590	1 & 2	VESDAS, PREACTION AIR COMPRESSOR	ND2-7	590	2	UPS PDU
N4	590	1 & 2	590A5A PANEL: AHU LTG/PWR. RECPTACLES	ND2-8	590	2	UPS PDU
N5	590	1 & 2	590A6A PANEL: DOLPHIN SYSTEM, LTG.	ND2-9	590	2	EDISION
N6	590	1 & 2	E590A7A PANEL: AHU-001/11 (COMPUTE), AC-	ND2-10	590	2	CORI PDU
N7'	590	1 & 2	UE600A ENTIRE PANEL, TO BE USED TO	ND2-11	590	2	HOUSE PDU
N7''	590	1 & 2	OFFICE (NON-COMPUTE) LOADS ON UE600A	ND2-12	590	2	HOUSE PDU
N8	590	1 & 2	595A40A PANEL: COMPUTE ROOM 2101	ND2-13	590	2	HOUSE PDU
N9	590	1 & 2	COMPUTE LIGHTING, 590A15A	ND2-14	590	2	HOUSE PDU
N10'	596	1 & 2	596A1A1A ENTIRE PANEL, TO BE USED TO	ND2-15	590	2	HOUSE PDU
N10	596	1 & 2	ELEVATOR EL-01 (FREIGHT), 596A1A1A39A	ND2-16	590	2	HOUSE PDU
N11''	596	1 & 2	OFFICE LOADS, 596A1A2A	ND2-17	590	2	HOUSE PDU
N12''	596	1 & 2	Office Space Heat Loads, 596A1A3A	ND2-18	590	2	HOUSE PDU

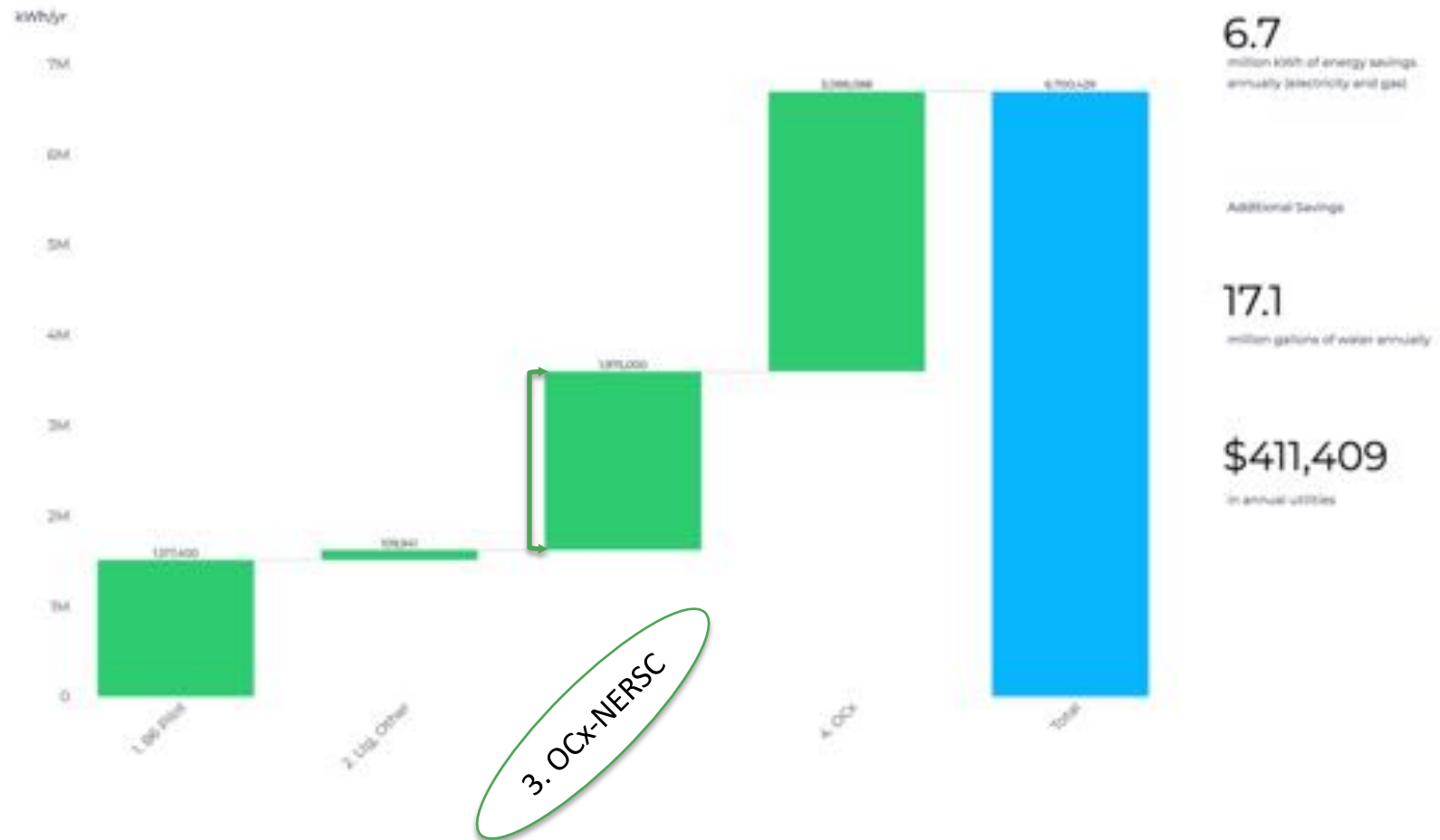
PUE Measurement and Reporting



LBNL Campus Wide Efficiency Savings



The LBNL Campus is able to generate significant, maintained savings - primarily from improvements in building operations

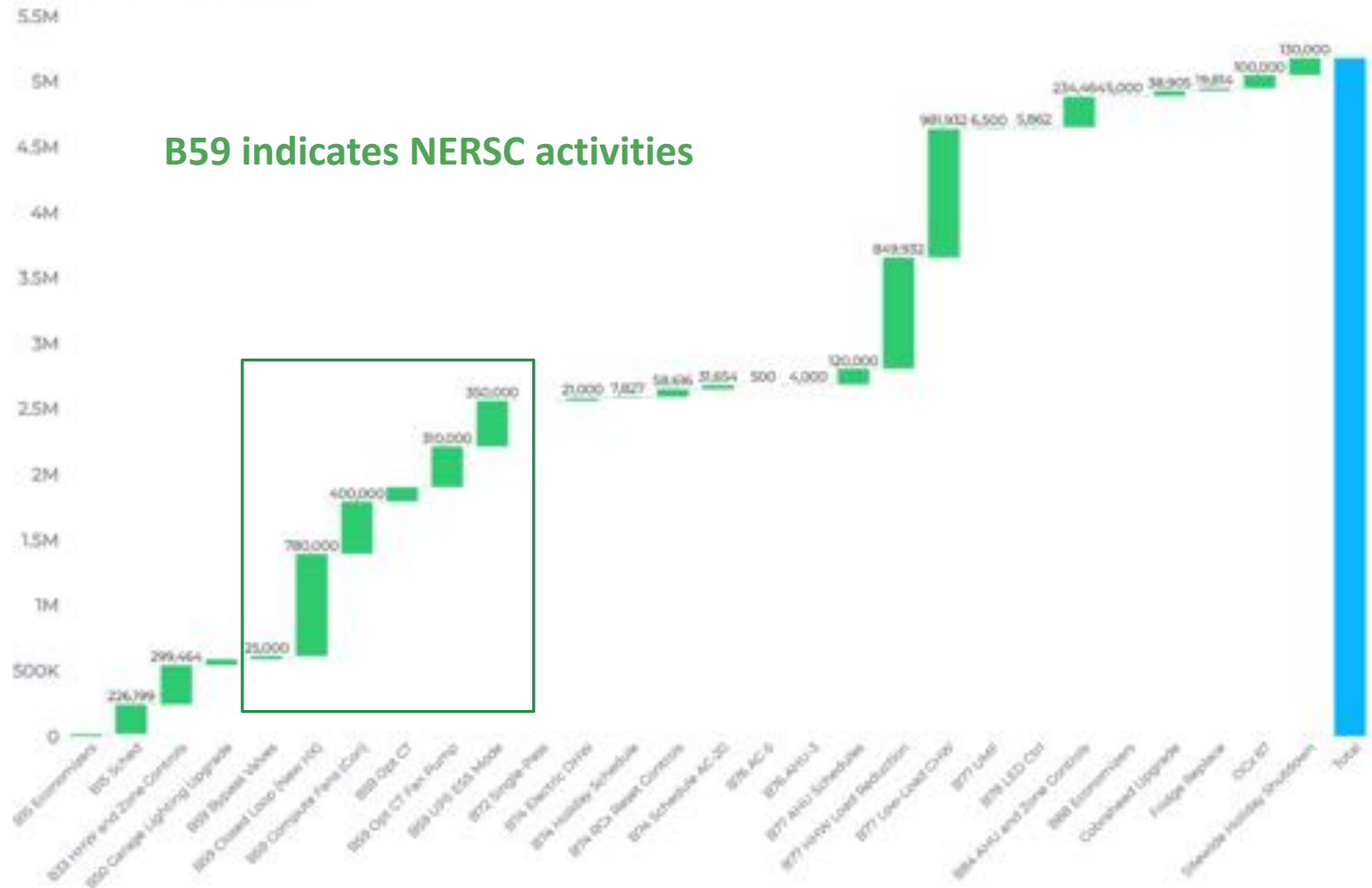


Ongoing Commissioning

LBNL Wide - Ongoing Commissioning



Total Annual Energy Savings in kWh/yr



Notes:

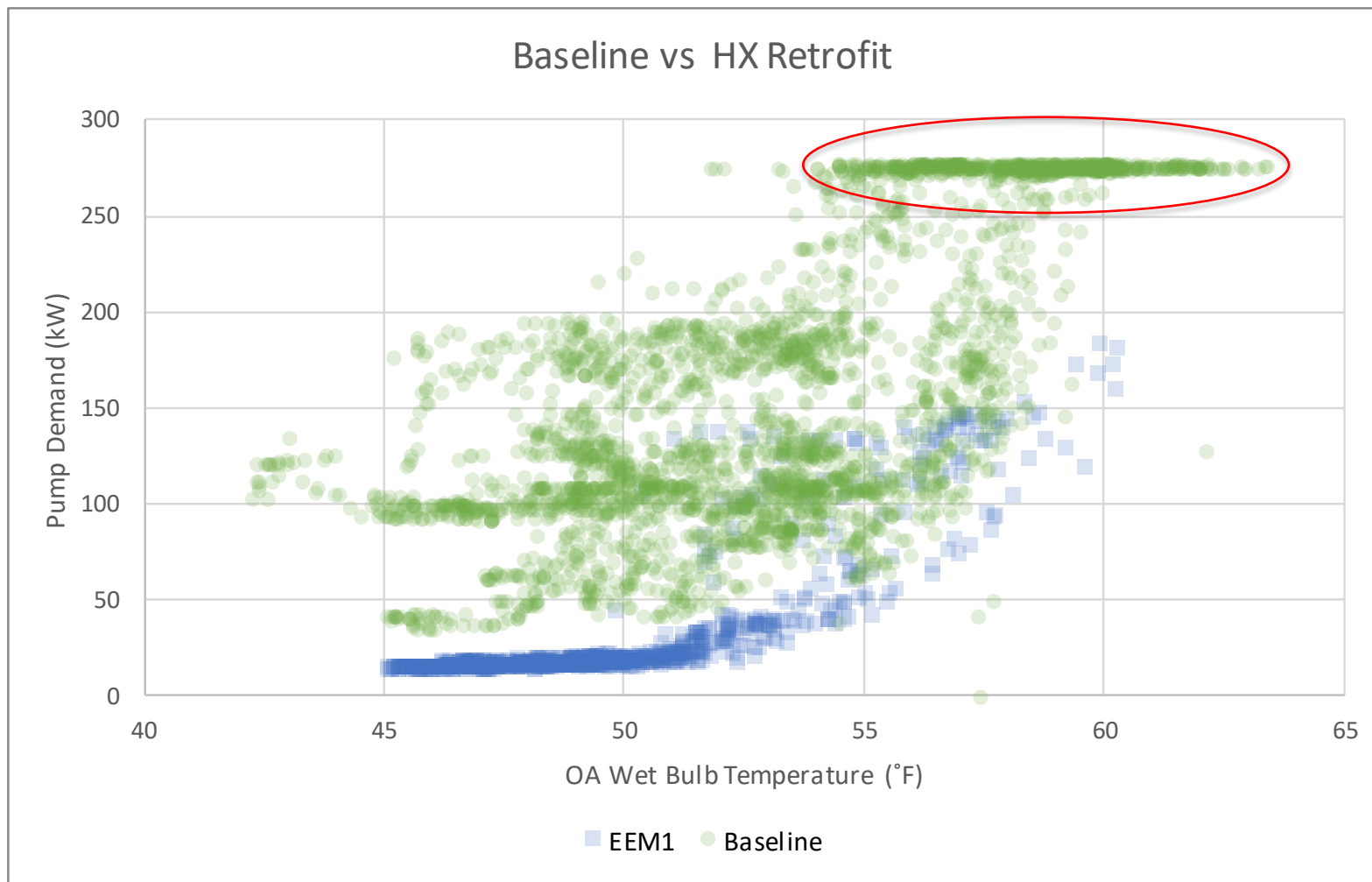


U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

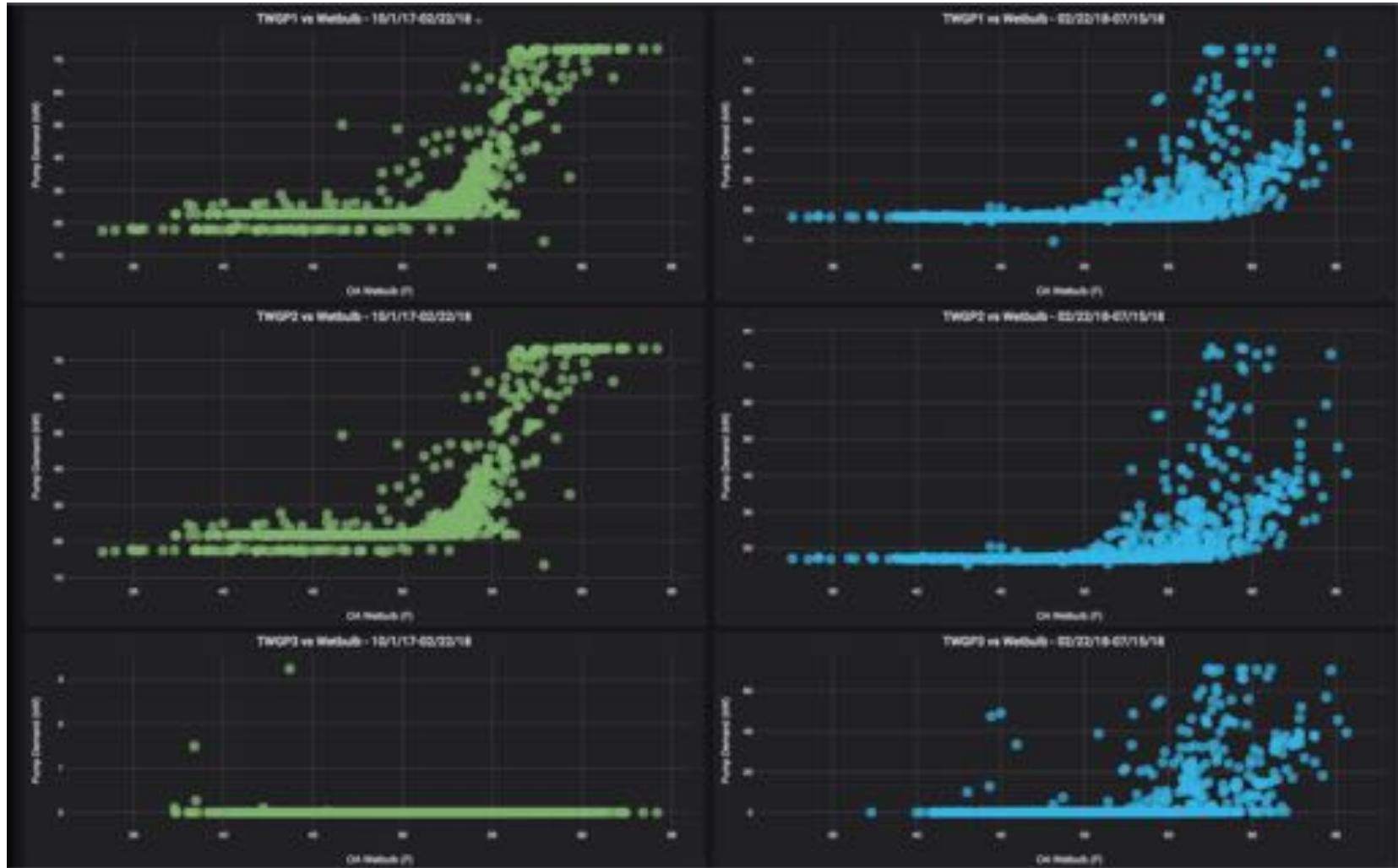
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Science



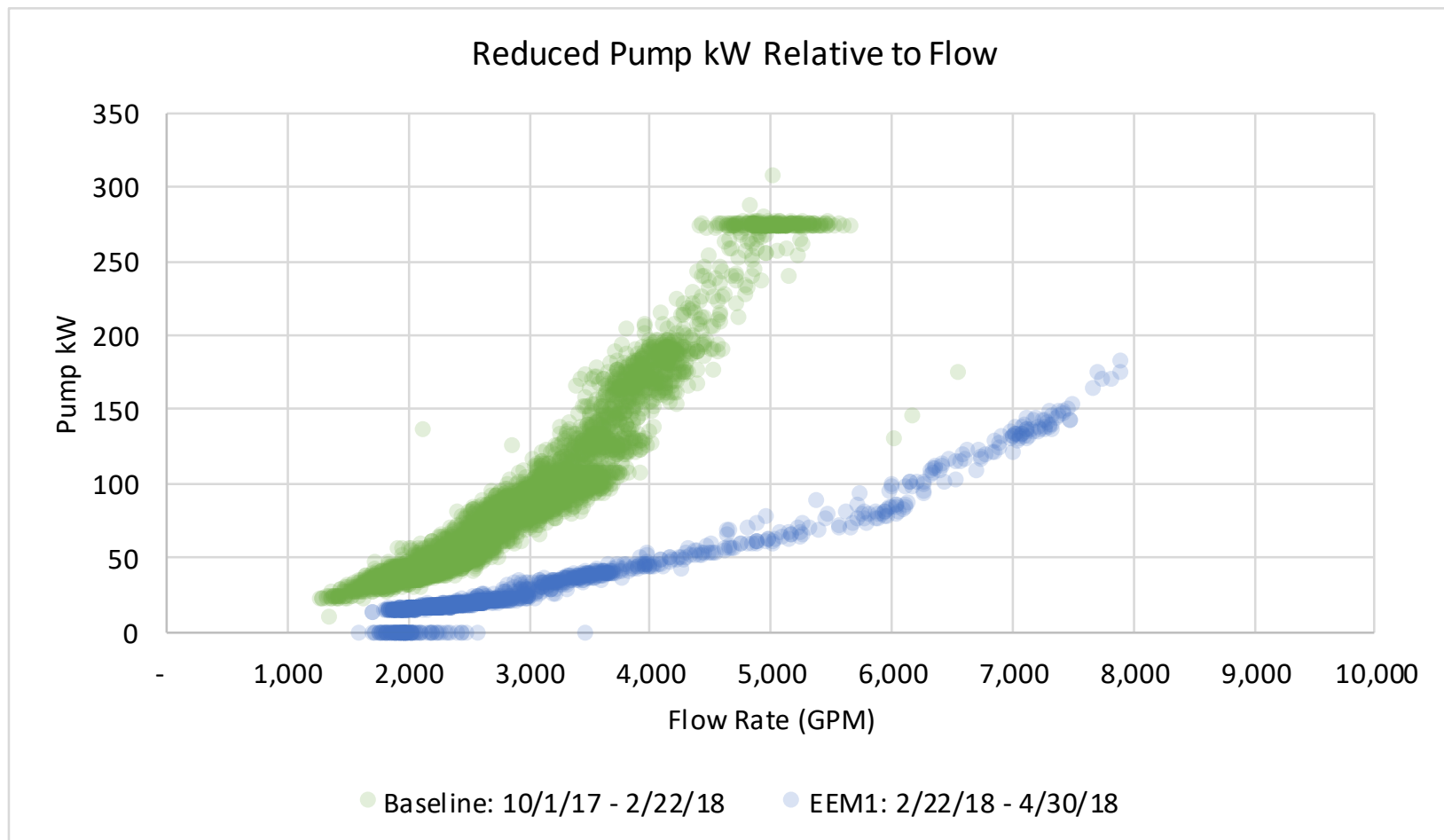
Additional CW Heat Exchanger & Pump Installed



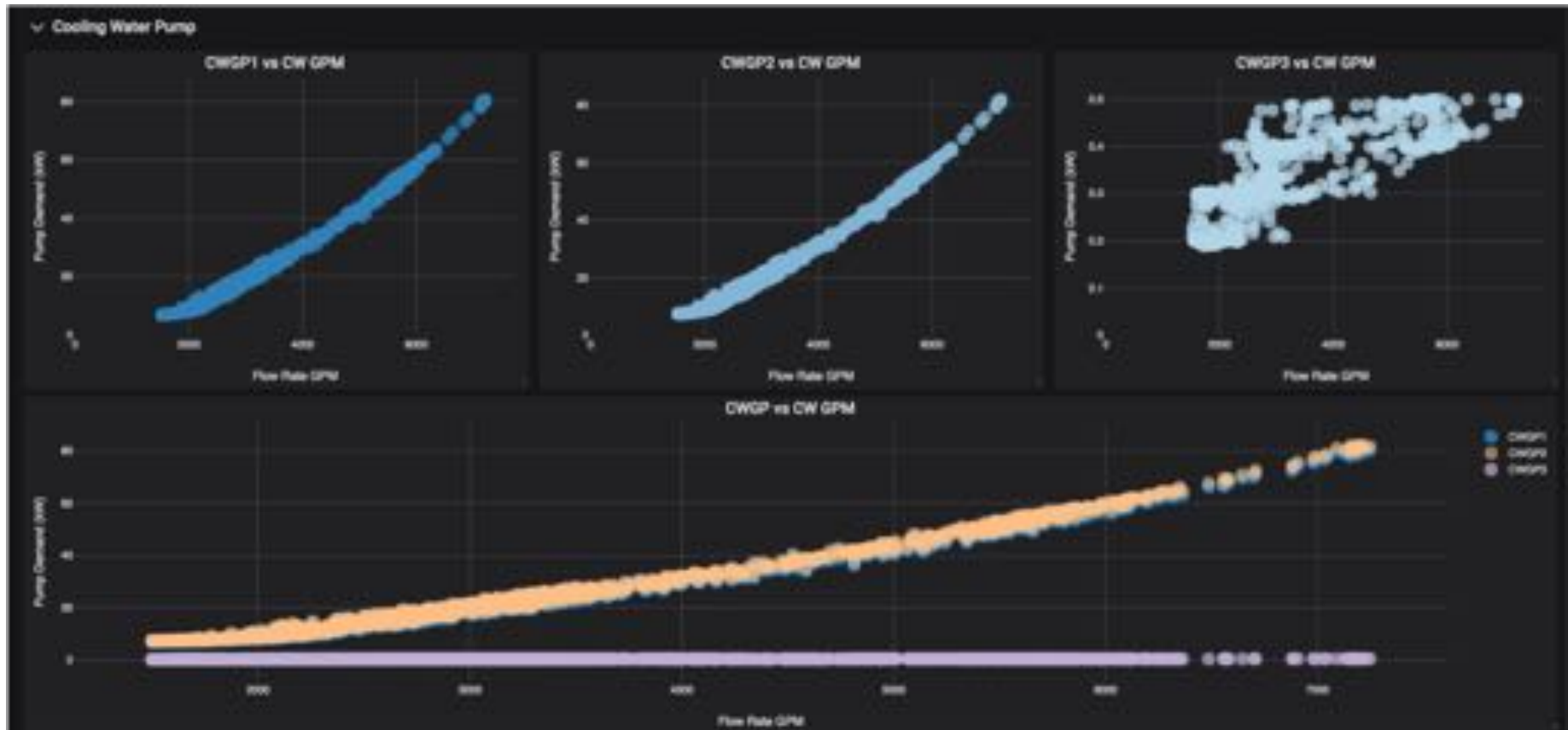
In Development – Live data Scatter Plots



Additional CW Heat Exchanger & Pump Installed



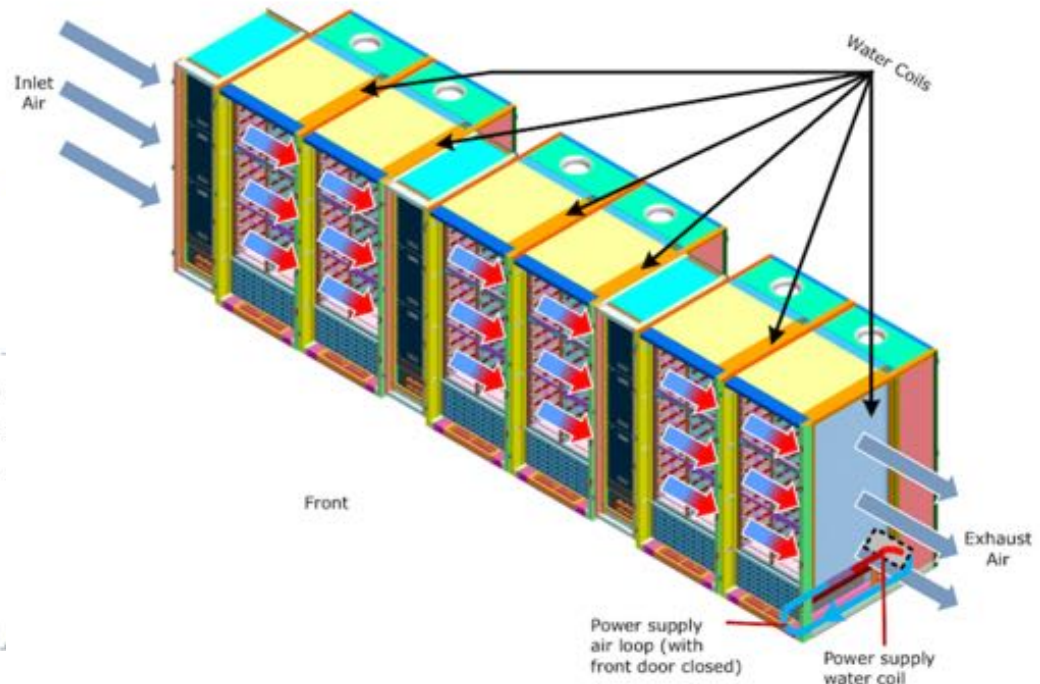
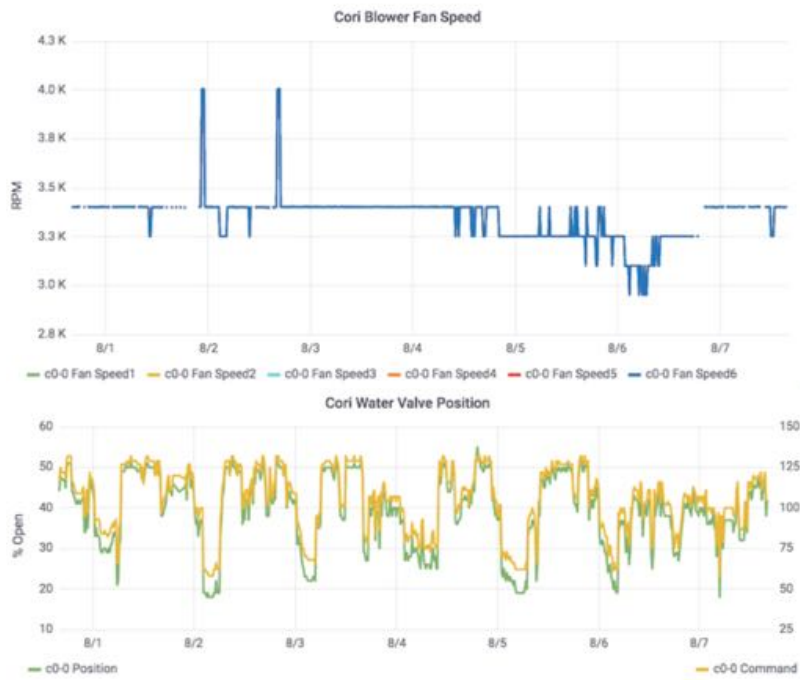
Recent Development – Live data Scatter Plots



Cray XC Series - Dynamic Fan Speed Control



- **Blower Cabinets (6 High Performance Fans per)**
 - Variable from 2500 to 4000 rpm
 - Dynamic Fan Speed Control saves energy by sensing 5°C processor temp change (HPC load), then
 - Adjusts fan speed (entire row) up or down accordingly. Hottest processor(s) set speed on entire row
 - Cooling Water Supply Temp control of cooling coil exiting air temp. (Typ. 68 – 71°F)
 - Better transfer of cooling load onto CW plant when water cooling conditions favorable



Cray XC Series - Dynamic Fan Speed Control



- **April 6, 2018 - DFSC turned on for all of Cori**
 - Non-Dynamic defaults are 2 fan speeds
 - Normal = 3400 RPM; Max = 4000 RPM
 - Dynamic Fan Speed Control multiple fan speeds (user defined, max 15 steps)
 - 150 RPM per 5°C processor temp change; Minimum = 2500 RPM; Max = 4000 RPM
 - 11 Steps at NERSC – Typical speeds are #6 and 7. Rarely above #8.

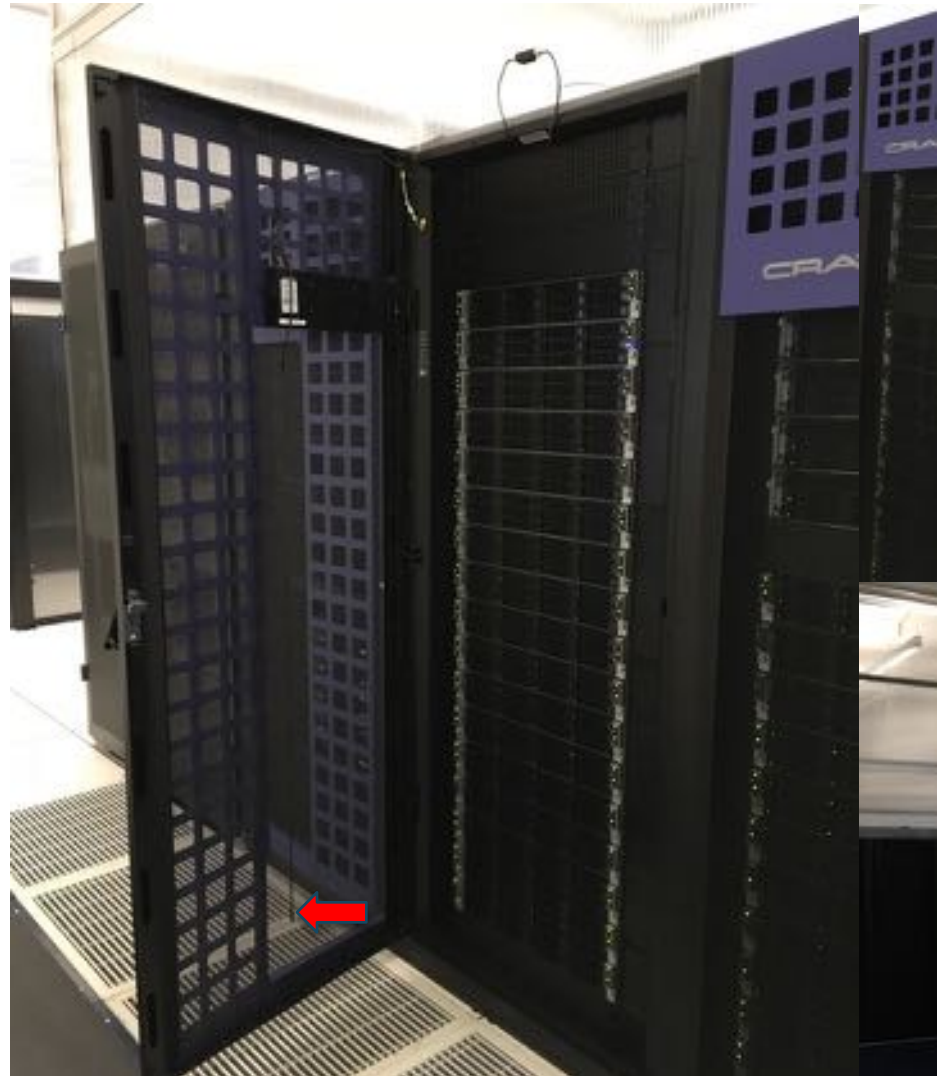
Table Step	Fan Speed (RPM)
11	4000
10	3850
9	3700
8	3550
7	3400
6	3250
5	3100
4	2950
3	2800
2	2650
1	2500



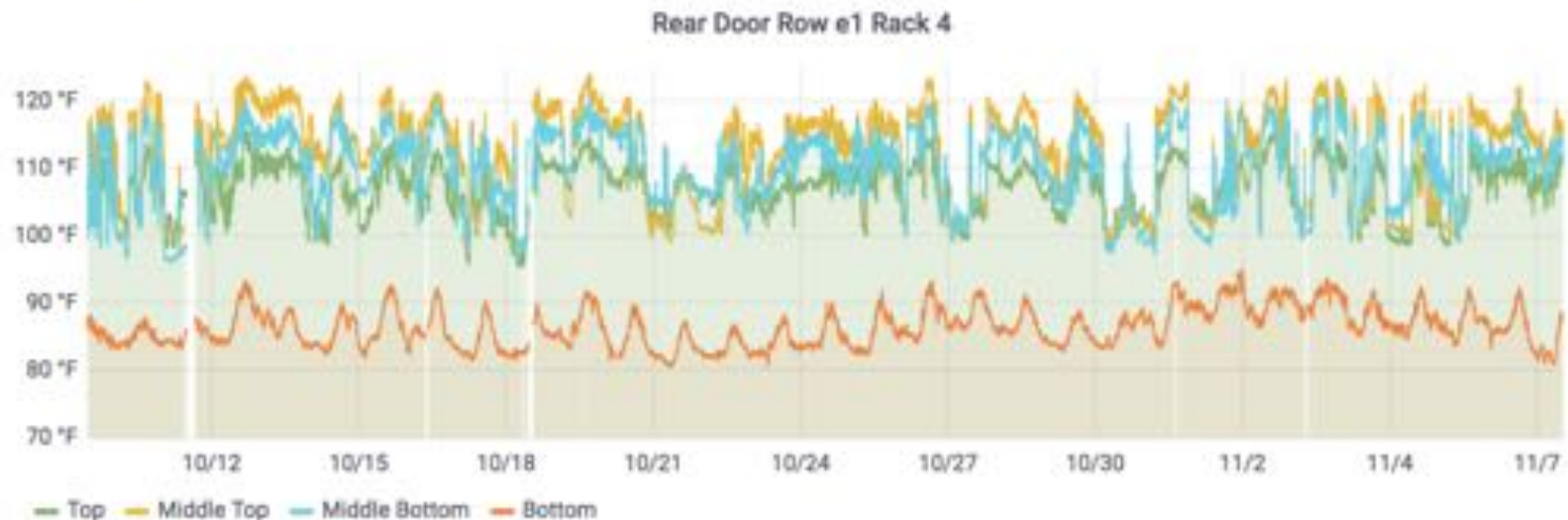
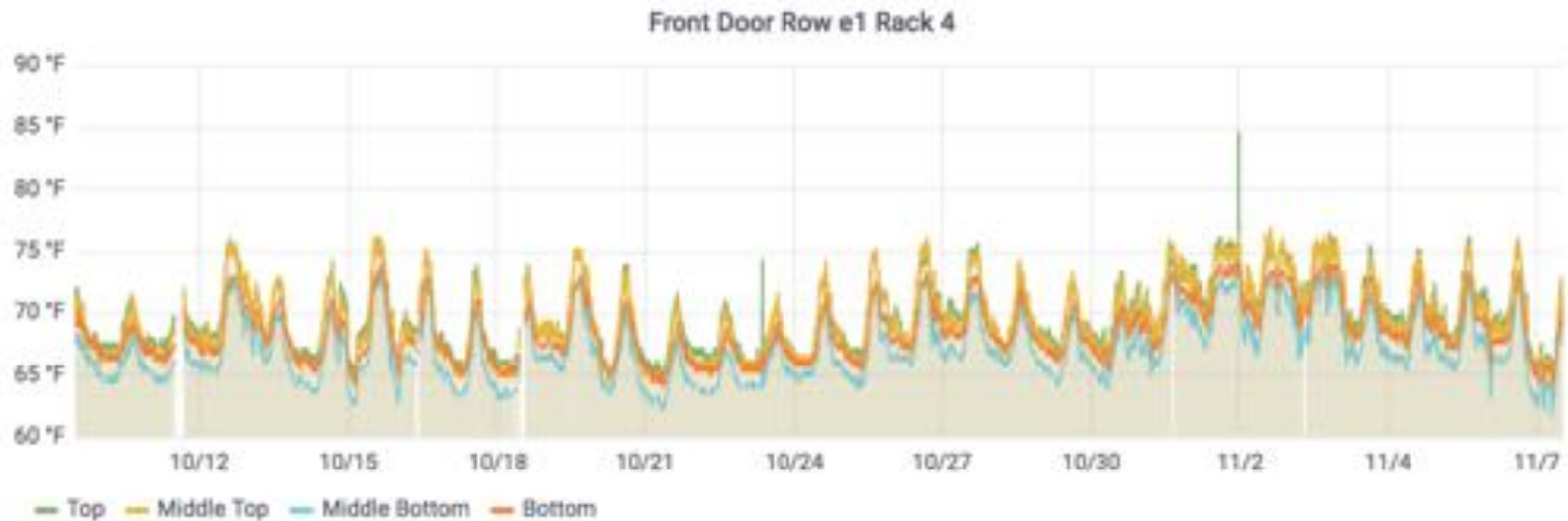
Hot Aisle Containment – Or Hot Air “Bath Tub”

NERSC

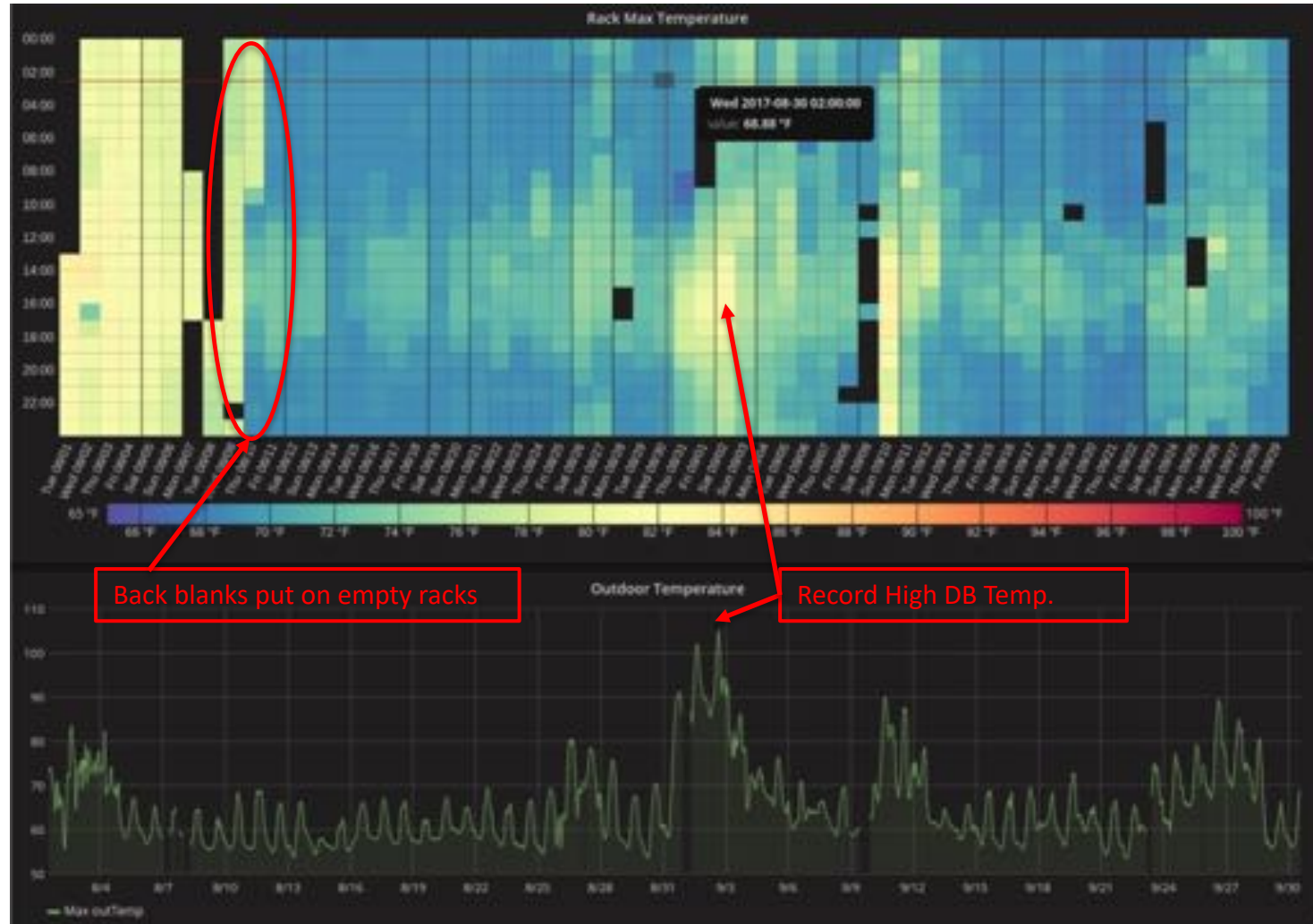
- **Really is a “separation” or “chimney” system, not full containment**
 - Installed in stages from 2016 -2018
 - Panelized system better accommodates equipment churn
- **Helps drive hot air to ceiling**
 - Exhaust fans pull hot air out of the building
 - Return fans to AHUs
- **Panels located at rack front**
 - Provides cabling facilitation above rack without penetrations
- **Stayed away from drop ceiling**
 - Seismic floor connection costs
 - Fire code complications
- **Why Hot instead Cold Aisle?**
 - Many visitor tours of compute room, so human comfort a factor



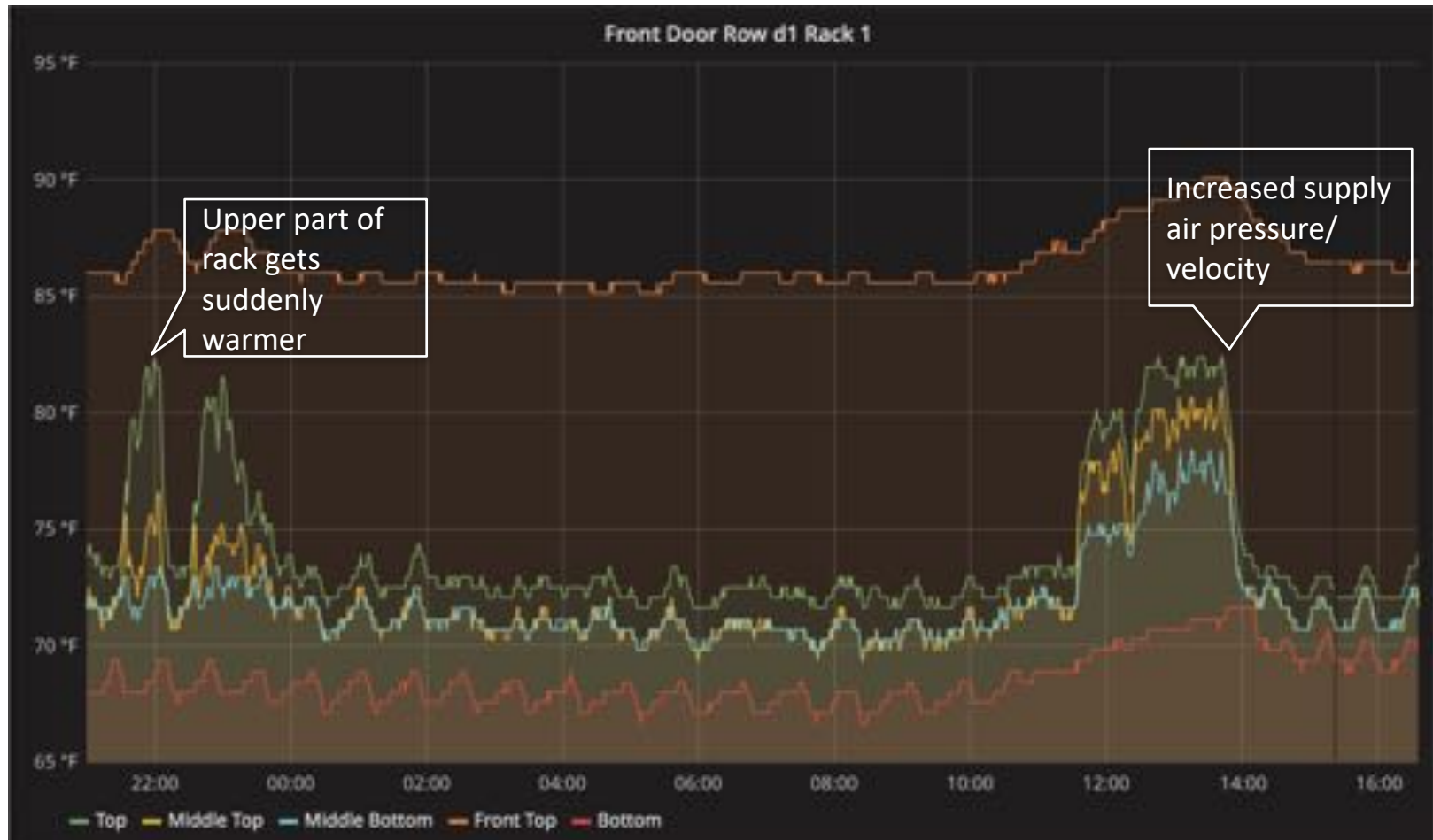
Potential night time over supply



Data Helped identify air sealing measures



Bath Tub Effect Breaks



Data Collect Challenges



- Data analysis can be difficult – Good visualization tools a necessity
 - Good problem to have: Access to more raw data than is needed for task at hand
- Native Elastic Data UI Tools are limited (but improving)
 - Requires a level of data coding aptitude from users
 - User can easily create data queries (accidental or not, thus hanging entire system)
 - A challenge for many staff & upper management
 - Visualization pallet is limited
 - Obtaining native sample resolution is difficult
 - UI Tools auto interpolate data interval based on time range being viewed
- Current system requires considerable admin attention
- Public security vs user data access a perpetual challenge
- Obtaining BMS control grade from native Elastic sensors is expensive



National Energy Research Scientific Computing Center

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Measures Overview



	Measure Title	Energy Savings (kWh)		Water Savings	Cost Savings	PUE
		Estimated	Verified	Gallons	\$	Reduction
1	Install Firmware to Enable ESS Mode for UPSs		350,000	140,000	\$20,300	0.007
2	Implement Tower Water Supply Temperature Reset and Reduced Tower Water Pump Speed		420,000	170,000	\$24,360	0.009
3	Reset Cooling Water Temperature Setpoint and Enable Cray Dynamic Fan Control		400,000	160,000	\$23,200	0.008
4	Install New Heat Exchanger		780,000	310,000	\$45,240	0.016
5	Install Bypass Valves		25,000	10,000	\$1,450	0.001
6	Reset Cray Air Temperature Setpoint	200,000		80,000	\$11,600	-
7	Optimize Dynamic Fan Control	200,000		80,000	\$11,600	-
8	Install Booster Pump	240,000		100,000	\$13,920	0.005
9	Install Cold Aisle Temperature Sensors and Optimize AHU SAT and Flow Control	300,000	-	120,000	\$17,400	0.006
10	Install Cray Supply Air Hoods	100,000	-	40,000	\$5,800	0.002

Sept. 2018: PUE = 1.08 (avg.)

Total	1,040,000	1,975,000	1,210,000	174,870	0.054
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